

DID YOU KNOW THAT...



Queer Partnership in the Baltic States, 2025 Results of the Study by EHPV and the Peemot Center

56%

LGBTIQ PEOPLE IN THE BALTIC STATES

LIVE WITHOUT A PARTNER







ARE IN A QUEER RELATIONSHIP

38% CISGENDER MEN

16%

IN A REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP

33% CISGENDER WOMEN

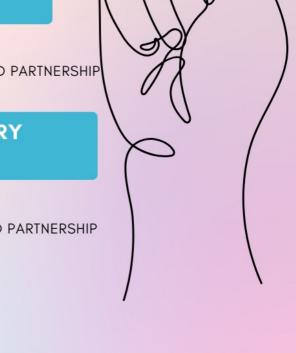
17%

IN A REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP

37% TRANS AND NON-BINARY PEOPLE

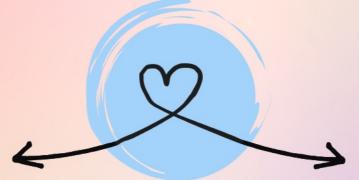
16%

IN A REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP



LGBTIQ PEOPLE IN QUEER RELATIONSHIPS

- ARE ON AVERAGE 5 YEARS OLDER THAN THOSE LIVING ALONE,
- MORE LIKELY TO HAVE HIGHER EDUCATION AND A HIGHER INCOME,
- MORE OFTEN HAVE CHILDREN AND SIGNIFICANTLY LESS
 OFTEN EXPERIENCE MOOD DISORDERS



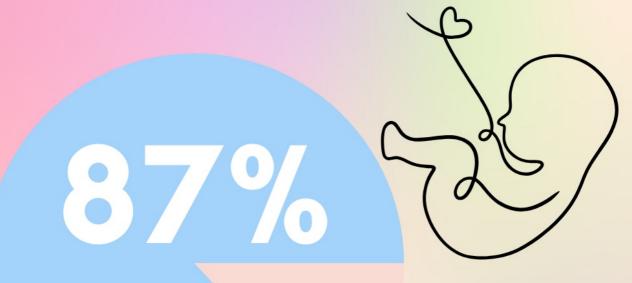
PEOPLE LIVING IN A REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP

are about 5 years older than those who do not register their partnership.

PEOPLE LIVING IN AN UNREGISTERED PARTNERSHIP

are more often permanent residents of their country and are less likely to obtain higher education or have children.

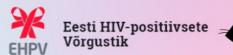




LGBTIQ PEOPLE DO NOT HAVE CHILDREN

Cisgender men express the intention to have children in the near future more often than cisgender women and trans or non-binary people

LGBTIQ respondents who plan to have children show significantly lower levels of depression and anxiety compared to those who do not plan to have children.



LGBTIQ PEOPLE HAVE EXPERIENCED

IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR SEXUAL ORIENTATION,
GENDER IDENTITY, OR SEXUAL BEHAVIOR

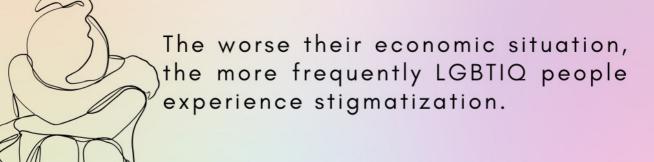
STIGMATIZATION

MOST COMMONLY IN THE FORM OF INSULTS,

GOSSIP, AND NEGATIVE REMARKS, BOTH WITHIN

THE FAMILY AND IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS.

Trans and non-binary LGBTIQ people experience stigmatization more frequently than cisgender people.







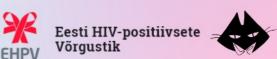
EXPERIENCE CLINICAL DEPRESSION

35% AMONG LGBTIQ PEOPLE

49% AMONG TRANS AND NON-BINARY PEOPLE

Depression is more common among younger people and those in worse economic situations than among older individuals and those with better financial standing.

Trans and non-binary people may exhibit moderate levels of internalized transphobia, which is associated with factors such as younger age, lower education level, loneliness, stigmatization, and symptoms of depression.



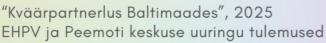
THE MOST POPULAR WAYS TO BE INVOLVED IN THE LGBTIQ COMMUNITY

IN 2025 WERE ONLINE ACTIVITY AND PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC EVENTS.

THE LEAST COMMON

FORM OF INVOLVEMENT WAS INITIATING NEW LGBTIQ-RELATED PROJECTS, WITH ONLY 10% OF WOMEN, 17% OF MEN, AND 21% OF TRANS AND NON-BINARY

RESPONDENTS PARTICIPATING







LIVES IN ESTONIA

8600

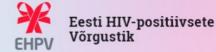
GAY, BISEXUAL, AND OTHER CISGENDER MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN

8700

LESBIAN AND BISEXUAL CISGENDER WOMEN

1700

TRANS AND NON-BINARY PEOPLE







READ MORE

Full study text in Russian with a summary in Estonian:



